

Solved Paper

English Language and Comprehension  
(Held On : May 2011)

BBA Exam.

**Directions. (Q. Nos. 1 - 8) :** Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

Although speech is generally accepted as the most advanced form of communication, there are many ways of communicating without using words. In every known culture, signals, signs, symbols and gestures are commonly utilized as instruments of communication. There is a great deal of agreement among communication scientists as to what each of these methods is and how each differs; from the others. For instance, the basic function of any signal is to impinge upon the environment in such a way that it attracts attention, as, for example, the dots and dashes that can be applied in a telegraph circuit. Coded to refer to speech, the potential for communication through these dots and dashes - short and long intervals as the circuit is broken-is very great. Less adaptable to the codification of words, signs also contain agreed upon meaning; that is, they convey information in and of themselves. Two examples are the hexagonal. red sign that conveys the meaning of stop, and the red and white swirled pole outside a shop that communicates the meaning of barber.

Symbols are more difficult to describe than either signals or signs because of their intricate relationship with the receiver's cultural perceptions. In some cultures, applauding in a theatre provides performers with an auditory symbol of approval. In other cultures, if done in unison, applauding can be a symbol of the audience's discontent with the performance. Gestures such as waving and handshaking also communicate certain cultural messages.

Although signals, symbols, and gestures are very useful, they also have a major disadvantage in communication. They usually do not allow ideas to be shared without the sender being directly adjacent to the receiver. Without an exchange of ideas, interaction comes to a halt. As a result, means of communication intended to be used across long distances and extended periods must

be based upon speech. To radio, television, and telephone, one must add fax, paging systems, electronic mail, and the internet, and no one doubts but that there are more means of communication on the horizon.

1. Applauding was cited as an example of  
(a) a signal (b) a sign  
(c) a symbol (d) a gesture
2. The word 'intricate' in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by which of the following ?  
(a) inefficient (b) complicated  
(c) historical (d) uncertain
3. The word 'potential' in paragraph 1 could be replaced by  
(a) range (b) advantage  
(c) organization (d) possibility
4. The word 'it' in paragraph 1 refers to  
(a) function (b) signal  
(c) environment (d) way
5. The phrase impinge upon in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to  
(a) intrude (b) improve  
(c) vary (d) prohibit
6. What does the author say about speech ?  
(a) It is the only true form of communication  
(b) It is dependent upon the advances made by inventors  
(c) It is necessary for communication to occur  
(d) It is the most advanced form of communication
7. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage ?  
(a) Signs and Signals (b) Gestures  
(c) Communication (d) Speech
8. Why were the telephone, radio, and TV invented ?  
(a) People were unable to understand signs, symbols and signals.

- (b) People wanted to communicate, across long distance
- (c) People believed that signs, signals and symbols were obsolete
- (d) People wanted new forms of entertainment.

**Direction. (Q. Nos. 9 - 15) :** Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

A leading Indian industrialist in a recent article on ways to strengthen India's economy has drawn attention to the problems of inflation and industrial sickness among other things. One of the main reasons for industrial sickness in our country has been the fact that business and industrial managers, have not been able to look beyond the immediate future; They have been too preoccupied with their attempts to report favourable results for the current year—higher profits and larger dividends to the share holders. The planning horizon has hardly ever exceeded five years. Investments have been inadequate for new plants and towards diversification and expansions. Modernization and asset creation has seriously lagged behind. In business, growth is needed for survival; one has to grow if one does not want to be wiped out. This is particularly true today with liberalization of imports and increasing competition. Moreover, growth and higher productivity create employment and higher employment creates larger markets both for industrial and consumer products. It was Henry Ford who brought home the need for the creation of a larger and a more stable middle class, that can afford more and more of goods and services. Even after forty years of independence our industrialists have not been able to shed and petty shopkeeper's mentality and our highly educated management has tagged along merrily and without concern.

9. "The planning horizon has hardly ever exceeded five years" implies
- (a) planning should not be for a period of less than five years.
  - (b) the planning process is very time consuming
  - (c) planning should take care of all probable ups and downs in the next five years period
  - (d) Five year period is too short for successful implementation of plans.

10. Why did Henry Ford stress the need for a more stable middle class ?
- (a) They are mostly service oriented
  - (b) They do not have shop-keeper mentality
  - (c) They can afford to buy more and more expensive goods.
  - (d) They are most unstable
11. In order to improve the condition of Indian industries, the industrialist should do all of the following except
- (a) giving up the narrow mentality which very small shopkeepers generally have.
  - (b) striving to earn long term profits.
  - (c) encouraging competition from industrialists within the country and from abroad.
  - (d) resorting to long-term planning, for Industrial growth and expansion in diverse fields.
12. The leading industrialist attributes industrial sickness mainly to
- (a) lacunae in five year plans
  - (b) preoccupations of managers with matters unrelated to business
  - (c) higher profits and larger dividends to shareholders.
  - (d) lack of foresight among managers
13. According to the passage, growth and increasing productivity leads to
- (a) imposition of restrictions on imports.
  - (b) employment and thus provide an outlet to industrial and consumer products
  - (c) encouragement to export of excess consumer goods
  - (d) disproportionate surplus of commodities
14. According to the passage, the net gains pursued by managers are at the cost of
- (a) diversification, modernization and asset creation
  - (b) availability of markets for industrial and consumer products.
  - (c) inflation and industrial sickness.
  - (d) liberalization of imports and increasing competition.

15. Which of the following short-comings of Indian industrialists has been highlighted by the author ?
- (a) They invest unreasonable high amount on diversification and expansion
- (b) They are more concerned for immediate net gains than for developmental activities
- (c) They are reluctant to maintain the shopkeeper mentality
- (d) They are less concerned for payment of dividends to shareholders.

**Directions. Q. Nos. 16-27 :** In each of the following questions, out of the given alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

16. IMMACULATE  
(a) refined (b) pure  
(c) faithful (d) splendid
17. EBULLIENT  
(a) Gilted (b) Enthusiastic  
(c) Luscious (d) Arrogant
18. IGNOMINIOUS  
(a) shameful (b) fruitful  
(c) unexpected (d) expected
19. INNOCUOUS  
(a) harmless (b) insidious  
(c) insolvent (d) invasion
20. CHICANERY  
(a) choleric (b) cogent  
(c) trickery (d) confess
21. CHAGRINED  
(a) frustrated (b) annoyed  
(c) disappointed (d) tired

**Direction. Q. Nos. 22-27 :** In the following questions, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word :

22. SERVILITY  
(a) bravery (b) prudence  
(c) insolence (d) slavery

23. KNOTTY  
(a) involved (b) intricate  
(c) easy (d) assuming
24. DEARTH  
(a) extravagance (b) scarcity  
(c) velocity (d) abundance
25. VEHEMENCE  
(a) apathy (b) passion  
(c) eagerness (d) ascent
26. PLACATE  
(a) antagonize (b) pity  
(c) amuse (d) embroil
27. PEJORATIVE  
(a) soothing (b) appreciative  
(c) smoothing (d) critical

**Direction. Q. Nos. 28-32 :** Fill in the blanks in the following sentences by selecting the most appropriate alternative from amongst the given choices under each sentence.

28. The police confronted the thief ..... the accusers.  
(a) with (b) at  
(c) upon (d) to
29. Civilization, in real sense of the term consists not in the ..... but in the deliberate and voluntary ..... of wants.  
(a) increasing ..... decreasing  
(b) increment ..... decrement  
(c) multiplication ..... reduction  
(d) hoarding ..... dehoarding
30. That rumour has no foundation ..... fact.  
(a) of (b) up  
(c) to (d) in
31. In all these and a thousand other details you and please ourselves and .....  
(a) ask of no one's leave  
(b) ask no one's leave  
(c) ask leave of no one  
(d) ask from any one no leave

32. They praised him .....  
(a) and pointed out it was a good hit  
(b) and exclaimed it was a good hit  
(c) and said that it was a good hit  
(d) and showed that it was a good hit

**Directions. Q. Nos. 33 - 35 :** In the following questions six sentences are given. The first and the sixth sentences are numbered 1 to 6. The 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th sentences are not in proper sequence and named P, Q, R and S. Select the correct sequence of these four sentences from the responses given below each question.

33. 1. The Ganga is a holy river to the Hindus  
P. Every Hindu wishes to die on the bank of the holy Ganga, so that he may reach heaven.  
Q. It comes from the Gangotri mountains in the Himalayas.  
R. It is one of biggest rivers in India.  
S. The Hindus call the Ganga 'Mother Ganga'.  
6. At Haridwar, it leaves the mountains and enters the plains.  
(a) SQRP (b) PRQS  
(c) RSQP (d) SPRQ
34. 1. The two men who were following  
P. and who were separated from the tigress by the rock,

- Q. when they saw me stop  
R. a few yards behind me  
S. stood still  
6. and turn my head.  
(a) RPSQ (b) QPSR  
(c) RQPS (d) RQSP

35. 1. Sciences improves our living conditions, but  
P. rejecting or accepting anything, provided  
Q. and not be afraid of  
R. teach us to think straight  
S. it should also  
6. there are sufficient reasons for doing so.  
(a) SRQP (b) SRPQ  
(c) RSPQ (d) PQSR

**Directions. Q. Nos. 36 - 38 :** In each of the following questions, a word has been written in four different ways out of which only one is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word.

36. (a) Kalidoscope (b) Kaleidoscope  
(c) Kalaidoscope (d) kaliedoscope
37. (a) Rapprochment (b) Rapprochment  
(c) Raproachment (d) Rapprochement
38. (a) Strategam (b) Strategem  
(c) Stratagem (d) Stratagam

#### General Awareness

39. Dr. S. Chandrashekhar was the Indian who got Nobel Prize in  
(a) Economics (b) Literature  
(c) Peace (d) Physics
40. World laughter day is celebrated \_\_\_\_\_ .  
(a) January 15 (b) January 1  
(c) January 30 (d) January 10
41. The following are the Kharif Crops.  
(a) Rice, millets, maize and cotton  
(b) Rice, wheat, millets and cotton  
(c) Wheat, millets, jute and cotton  
(d) Rice, jute, maize and cotton
42. Industrial revolution meant for the changes in economic and social organizations began in \_\_\_\_
- (a) 1860 AD (b) 1762 AD  
(c) 1760 AD (d) 1862 AD
43. \_\_\_\_\_ zone lies between  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  North and  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  South, between the Tropic of Cancer and Tropic of Capricorn.  
(a) Temperate Zone (b) Frigid Zone  
(c) Equatorial Zone (d) Torrid Zone
44. The world movement of Jews aimed at finding a home state for the Jews in the world is called  
(a) Juisim (b) Zionism  
(c) Juadism (d) None of the above
45. The topmost crust of the Earth on which stand our continents and ocean basins are called  
(a) Stratosphere (b) Lithosphere

- (c) Atmosphere                      (d) Hemisphere
46. Limnology is the study of  
(a) Waterfalls                      (b) Lakes  
(c) Lime stones                      (d) Oceans
47. The currency of Suriname is called  
(a) Guilder                      (b) Taka  
(c) Deutsch                      (d) Dollar
48. Alexander defeated Porus in the Battle of  
(a) Khyber Pass                      (b) Panipat  
(c) Kalinga                      (d) Hydaspas
49. Who wrote the book "The Flight of Pigeons" ?  
(a) Ruskin Bond                      (b) Khushwant Singh  
(c) O. V. Vijayan                      (d) V. S. Naipaul
50. Who invented Antiseptic ?  
(a) Sir William Ramsay                      (b) Dr. C.F. Brush  
(c) Dr. Felix Hoffman                      (d) Dr. Joseph Lister
51. The Capital of Switzerland is  
(a) Damascus  
(b) Geneva  
(c) Swiss Confederation  
(d) Berne
52. The Headquarters of International Red Cross is at :  
(a) Geneva                      (b) Paris  
(c) London                      (d) Washington
53. Who invented Electric fan ?  
(a) Gottfried Leibniz  
(b) Wheeler  
(c) Thomas Alva Edison  
(d) W. H. Selley
54. The Headquarters of Common Wealth of Independence State (CIS) is :  
(a) Rome                      (b) Manila  
(c) Cairo                      (d) Kirava
55. Autoecology is the study of :  
(a) Species                      (b) Ecology  
(c) Environment                      (d) None of the above
56. \_\_\_\_\_ a written public declaration of the intentions, opinions or motives of sovereign of a leader, party or body.  
(a) Policy recommendation  
(b) Manifesto  
(c) Charter of demands  
(d) Mandate
57. The first Shuttle to go in space was :  
(a) Columbia                      (b) Viking-I  
(c) Space Group I                      (d) None of the above
58. The first Indian to cross English Channel :  
(a) Nagender Singh                      (b) Mihir Sen  
(c) S. Mukherjee                      (d) Sukumar Sen
59. Workers Day with the slogan "workers of the world unite" is celebrated on \_\_\_\_\_ .  
(a) First day of April  
(b) First day of June  
(c) First day of May  
(d) First day of December
60. \_\_\_\_\_ is an order from the Supreme Court or a High Court to restrain a person from acting in an office to which he is not entitled.  
(a) Quorum                      (b) Quisling  
(c) Quarantine                      (d) Quo Warranto
61. \_\_\_\_\_ rocks are originally igneous and sedimentary but have been changed by pressure, heat or action of water.  
(a) Salt Rocks  
(b) Weathering Rocks  
(c) Metamorphic Rocks  
(d) None of the above
62. The World's Greatest man-made lake is  
(a) Owen Falls                      (b) Kariba Falls  
(c) Guri                      (d) Zeya
63. Who was the first Indian Republic Prime Minister ?  
(a) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru  
(b) Sir Mountbatten  
(c) Dr. Rajender Prasad  
(d) Mahatma Gandhi

64. \_\_\_\_\_ is an instrument for measuring the strength of direct current.  
(a) Tele Galvanometer (b) Telemeter  
(c) Tangent Galvanometer  
(d) Simple Galvanometer
65. The headquarters of Officers' Training Academy is at :  
(a) Pune (b) Chennai  
(c) Dehradun (d) Kolkata
66. Who wrote "All Under Heaven" ?  
(a) J. K. Galbraith (b) Wilson John  
(c) Pearl S. Buck (d) Vikram Seth
67. Chhau is the famous dance of :  
(a) Karnataka (b) Kerala  
(c) West Bengal (d) Gujarat
68. The currency of Syria is called a  
(a) Syrian Sia (b) Syrian Dollar  
(c) Syrian Pound (d) Syrian Aleppo
69. Trapping and taming operations against wild elephants in Karnataka State is called :  
(a) Khalida (b) Operation giant  
(c) Operation elephant (d) Khedda
70. In Battle of Haldighati, Akbar defeated :  
(a) Rani Laxmi Bai (b) Maharana Pratap  
(c) Maharaja Ranjit Singh  
(d) None of the above
71. The Capital of Sudan is :  
(a) Cape Town (b) Jaffna  
(c) Khartoum (d) Paramaribo
72. The "Stone Age" people had the first domestic  
(a) Asses (b) Dogs  
(c) Horses (d) Ships
73. Rovers cup is associated with \_\_\_\_\_ sport.  
(a) Table Tennis (b) Polo  
(c) Roving (d) Football
74. \_\_\_\_\_ awards are given in the field of Medical Sciences.  
(a) Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar Award  
(b) Iqbal Samman  
(c) R.D. Birla Award  
(d) Tansen Award
75. The largest peninsula of the world is :  
(a) Southern India (b) Alaska  
(c) Arabia (d) Greenland
76. The World Disabled Day falls on :  
(a) March 15 (b) March 25  
(c) March 19 (d) March 14

#### Logical and Analytical Ability

**Directions. Q. Nos. 77-79 :** In the following questions select the right option, which reflects correct code.

**In certain code language**

77. jo mi rei ma means 'Only work no play',  
rei koi puihi mesi means 'go and play tour',  
puihi ma jo mati means 'only work tour ground',

Which of the following word stands for word 'no' ?

- (a) jo (b) mi  
(c) rei (d) ma
78. In a certain code language BEAT is coded as 'DGCV'. How will SOUP be coded in that code language ?

- (a) VQXR (b) UQWR  
(c) URWR (d) UPXS

79. If CORRESPONDENCE is coded as NUTTRAXUPQRPNR in a certain code, how will SCOPE be coded ?

- (a) AUXNR (b) ANUXR  
(c) RNUXA (d) XUPAR

**Directions. Q. Nos. 80-83 :** In the following questions given below establish the relationship between the two words. Then from the given options select one which has the same relationship as of the given two words.

80. **DAYBREAK : BEDSTEAD**  
 (a) Earthen : Brazen (b) Fresh : Tired  
 (c) Nocturnal : Diurnal (d) Eyeglass : Landmark

81. **HOPE : ASPIRES**  
 (a) Film : Flam (b) Fake : Ordinary  
 (c) Fib : Lie (d) Spirits : Soar

82. **ANCIENT : MODERN**  
 (a) Often : Seldom (b) Often : Frequent  
 (c) Often : Always (d) Often : Never

83. **08 : 28 :: 15 : ?**  
 (a) 63 (b) 126  
 (c) 65 (d) 124

**Directions. Q. Nos. 84-88 :** In each of the following questions there is a series of letters. The one term is missing. Find out the missing term.

84. **M L O N Q P R ?**  
 (a) R (b) O  
 (c) Q (d) L

85. Find out the wrong number in the series.  
**15, 45, 90, 360, 1080, 2160, 6480**  
 (a) 90 (b) 360  
 (c) 6480 (d) 2160

86. **-yyx - xxyx - yxyx - y**  
 (a) yxxy (b) xyxy  
 (c) yxyx (d) xyyx

87. **7776, 1296, 216, 36, 6, ?**  
 (a) 6 (b) 0  
 (c) 3 (d) 1

88. **K P A, L Q B, M R C, N S D,**  
 (a) TOE (b) OET  
 (d) ETO (d) OTE

**Direction. Q. Nos. 89 - 91 :** In each of the questions given below which one of the answer figures on the below should come in place of question mark above in the figure, if the sequence were continued.

89. Problem solving



- (a) (b)   
 (c) (d)

90. Problem solving



- (a) (b)   
 (c) (d)

91. Problem solving



- (a) (b)   
 (c) (d)

**Directions. Q. Nos. 92-94 :** In the following questions, select the right answer from the given options to depict the correct direction / distance.

92. Arjun goes 30 metres North then turns right and walks 40 metres, then again turns right and walks 20 metres, then again turns right and walks 40 metres. How many metres is he from his original position ?

- (a) 9 (b) 10  
 (c) 20 (d) 40

93. A train runs 120 km in West direction, 30 km in South direction and then 80 km in East direction before reaching the station. In which direction is the station from the train's starting point ?

- (a) South - West (b) North - West  
 (c) South - East (d) South

94. Ramesh was facing East. He walked, 14 km forward and then after turning to his right walked 13 km. Again he turned to his right and walked 14 km. After this he turned back. Which direction was he facing at the time ?  
 (a) East (b) West  
 (c) North (d) South

**Directions. (Q. Nos. 95-97) :** In the following questions, there are four alternative answers out of which one is correct.

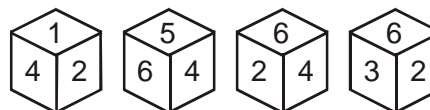
95. 'D' is the son of 'J' who is son of 'F'. 'P' is the daughter of 'R'. If 'N' is the sister of 'P' and daughter of 'J' what is 'J's' relationship with 'R' ?  
 (a) Husband (b) Brother  
 (c) Father (d) Uncle
96. Madhuri is the wife of Rajesh and Rajesh is the brother of Mahesh. Mahesh is the uncle of Pranav. What is Pranav's relation with Madhuri ?  
 (a) Daughter (b) Nephew  
 (c) Sister-in-law (d) Niece
97. Introducing a woman, a man said, "Her mother's husband's sister is my aunt." How is the man related to the woman ?  
 (a) Nephew (b) Brother  
 (c) Uncle (d) Cousin

**Directions. (Q. Nos. 98-101) :** Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below it.

Five friends Ramesh, Suresh, Mahesh, Dinesh and Ganesh are sitting on a bench.

- (i) Ramesh is sitting next to Suresh  
 (ii) Mahesh is sitting next to Dinesh  
 (iii) Dinesh is not sitting with Ganesh  
 (iv) Ganesh is on the left end of the bench  
 (v) Mahesh is on second position from right.  
 (vi) Ramesh is on the right side of Suresh and to the right side of Ganesh.  
 (vii) A and C are sitting together.
98. What is the position of Suresh ?  
 (a) Second from right (b) Centre  
 (c) Extreme left (d) Second from left

99. At what position is Ramesh sitting ?  
 (a) Between Suresh and Mahesh  
 (b) Between Dinesh and Mahesh  
 (c) Between Ganesh and Dinesh  
 (d) Between Mahesh and Ganesh
100. What is the position of Dinesh ?  
 (a) Extreme left (b) Extreme right  
 (c) Third from left (d) Second from left
101. Who is sitting at the centre ?  
 (a) Ramesh (b) Suresh  
 (c) Mahesh (d) Dinesh
102. Akash was born on 3rd March 1980. Sanjiv was born 4 days before Akash. The Republic Day for that year fell on Saturday. Which day was Sanjiv's birth day ?  
 (a) Wednesday (b) Friday  
 (c) Thursday (d) Tuesday
103. Which of the following is a leap year ?  
 (a) 1982 (b) 1978  
 (c) 1704 (d) 1945
104. If 15 apples and 20 oranges cost as much as 20 apples and 15 oranges. How do you compare the costs of two ?  
 (a) Apples are as costly as oranges  
 (b) Oranges are costly than apples  
 (c) Apples are costly than oranges  
 (d) None of these
105. A, B, C, D, and E distribute some cards among themselves in a manner that A gets less than B; C gets 5 more than D; E gets 3 more than B while. D gets as many as B. Who gets the least number of cards ?  
 (a) B (b) C  
 (c) D (d) A
106. What number in the dice, given below, will be on the side opposite to 6 ?



- (a) 2 (b) 3  
 (c) 1 (d) 5



**Directions. (Q. Nos. 107-109) :** In the following questions, there are four options. Find out the one that is correct in verification of the given statement.

107. Escalators help in  
(a) vertical movement only  
(b) horizontal movement only  
(c) vertical and horizontal movement  
(d) circular movement only
108. Which one of the following is always associated with Justice ?  
(a) Hypocrisy (b) Magnanimity  
(c) Legitimate (d) Diminutiveness
109. Which one of the following is always in 'Sentiment' ?  
(a) Cruelty (b) Insight  
(c) Neutrality (d) Emotion

**Directions. (Q. Nos. 110-111) :** In the following questions, find out the most suitable answer.

110. The Selection Board call the candidates for the interview because

- (a) they want to see the candidate's physical appearance.  
(b) it is then easier to decide which candidate is fit for the job.  
(c) the members of the Selection Board have no other work during office hours  
(d) None of the above

111. Now a days many young people use high heeled shoes because  
(a) these shoes increase the heights of the young people  
(b) it comes under fashion  
(c) it is safer for them to wear these types of shoes.  
(d) they practise to balance their bodies after wearing such shoes.

112. At what angle the hands of a clock are inclined at 15 minutes pasts ?

- (a)  $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  (b)  $67\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$   
(c)  $58\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  (d)  $64^{\circ}$

113. Today is Wednesday, what will be the day after 94 days ?

- (a) Monday (b) Tuesday  
(c) Wednesday (d) Sunday

### Management Aptitude and Communication Skills

114. Hukumchand Jute Industries Ltd. is owned by the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Tatas (b) Munjals  
(c) Birlas (d) Bajaj

115. The \_\_\_\_\_ establishes the framework within which the divisions and business units prepare their strategy plans.

- (a) market oriented strategic plan  
(b) planning and controlling  
(c) corporate strategy  
(d) contingency planning

116. Which of the following activities is not a business \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- (a) A company selling a car  
(b) An individual selling his own car at profit  
(c) A dealer selling a car  
(d) None of the above

117. Who said that "Communication always fails except for chance" ?

- (a) Murphy (b) Peter Ducker  
(c) Henry Ford (d) Chris Lewis

118. The Banking Regulation Act was passed in \_\_\_\_\_ the Central Banking Enquiry Commission.

- (a) 1948 (b) 1951  
(c) 1949 (d) 1952

119. Mirzapur (U.P.) is famous for its :

- (a) Cotton Industry (b) Hand made carpets  
(c) Leather Industry (d) Sugar Industry

120. Which brand of photocopier uses the slogan "Every Copy is an Original" ?

- (a) Canon (b) Modi Xerox  
(c) Ricoh (d) HCL

121. A bottom up communication is the message sent by \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Management to employees  
(b) Manager to employees  
(c) Senior management to middle management  
(d) Lower management to top management
122. Grapewine is :  
(a) unhealthy communication organization  
(b) it is pure gossip and has no relevance for management  
(c) a healthy communication in organization  
(d) None of the above
123. \_\_\_\_\_ means an employee's disclosure to the public of alleged organization misconduct, often after futile attempts to convince organizational authorities to take action against the alleged abuse.  
(a) Social responsibility  
(b) Whistle blowing  
(c) Employee commitment  
(d) Employee disclosure
124. In virtual teams ; members communicate through  
(a) Electronic medium  
(b) Divisional Head  
(c) No one  
(d) None of the above
125. \_\_\_\_\_ is the totality of features and characteristic of a product or service that bear on its ability to satisfy stated or implied needs.  
(a) Customer satisfaction  
(b) Quality and Quantity  
(c) Customer delight  
(d) Quality
126. Transactions which are carried out in the Stock exchanges after official trading hours, are called \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Flow trading (b) Circuit trading  
(c) Kerb trading (d) Black trading
127. The first company to commercialize tea was  
(a) Tata Tea (b) Alubari Tea Company  
(c) Tetley Tea (d) Assam Tea
128. A firm is dissolved  
(a) when a partner retires  
(b) when a partner dies  
(c) when all the partners except one die or retire  
(d) when a partner is guilty of misconduct
129. Which of the following is not considered an industry in India ?  
(a) Tourism (b) Hotel  
(c) Large Hospitals (d) Resorts
130. A future called India is the baseline of  
(a) Punjab National Bank  
(b) Maruti Suzuki  
(c) Hero Honda  
(d) Mahindra and Mahindra
131. One of the salient feature of Communication is that it is  
(a) Meaningless (b) Conversational  
(c) Noise (d) None of the above
132. \_\_\_\_\_ means selling the same offer in the same way to everyone in the target market to individualizing messages and offerings.  
(a) Channeling  
(b) Relationship marketing  
(c) Customization  
(d) Market centralization
133. The maximum number of companies which a person can be a director is  
(a) 6 (b) 7  
(c) 8 (d) 20
134. Which of the following concepts is related to Communication ?  
(a) Sender, receiver (b) Coding, decoding  
(c) Noise (d) All of the above
135. Who can create 'Barriers of Communication' ?  
(a) The Sender (b) The Receiver  
(c) The Situation (d) All of the above
136. City never sleeps is the baseline of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) American Express (b) Citi Bank  
(c) HDFC Bank (d) Axis Bank

137. Balance Sheet shows the  
(a) Balances of all accounts  
(b) Net Profit earned during a period  
(c) Financial position of a business  
(d) None of these
138. Which of the following makes communication effective ?  
(a) Notice boards and displays  
(b) Communication by trade unions  
(c) Suggestions and Feedback  
(d) None of the above
139. When the message is sent from a Functional Head to another Functional Head, it is called  
(a) Functional Communication  
(b) Horizontal Communication  
(c) Vertical Communication  
(d) None of the above
140. Which of the following are Indian Multinationals ?  
(a) Asian paints, Ceat Tyres, Larsen and Toubro India  
(b) Asian Paints, Dabur India, Hindustan Uniliver  
(c) Asian Paints, Aditya Birla Group, ABN Amro Bank  
(d) Asian Paints, Ranbaxy, Honda group"
141. Which of the following is a Blue Chip company ?  
(a) Balmar Lawrie  
(b) ABN Amro Bank  
(c) Indian Drugs Pharmaceuticals Ltd.  
(d) Jindal Iron and Steel
142. Which one of the following Communication is part of Corporate Governance ?  
(a) Disclosure and Transparency  
(b) Transparency and Accountability  
(c) Transparency and Policy Decision  
(d) None of the above
143. \_\_\_\_\_ is typically seen as the task of creating, promoting, and delivering goods and services to consumers and business  
(a) Marketing (b) Advertising  
(c) Promotion (d) Selling
144. The new economy focuses on  
(a) no promise, great delivery  
(b) under promise, over delivery  
(c) great promise, great delivery  
(d) over promise, under delivery
145. Liquid Assets are equal to  
(a) Value of all current assets  
(b) Sum of Cash and Bank balances  
(c) Current assets Inventories  
(d) Current assets Inventories and Prepaid Expenses
146. To carry out their analysis, planning, implementation, and control responsibilities, marketing managers need a  
(a) Planning and controlling system  
(b) Managing Information System  
(c) Delivery system  
(d) Marketing information System
147. Bombay Spinning and Weaving Company Ltd. was established in 1851 by \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) Cowasjee Nanabhoy Davar  
(b) Jamshedji Tata  
(c) Digambar Parsuram Dandekar  
(d) L. C. Java
148. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first city to go electric when it received power in 1899.  
(a) Madras (b) Bombay  
(c) Delhi (d) Calcutta
149. The maximum number of members in a private company is  
(a) Twenty (b) Thirty  
(c) Fifty (d) No limit
150. A certified copy of the statutory report is also sent to.  
(a) Government of respective state  
(b) Registrar of companies  
(c) Governor of the state  
(d) None of these
-

## Explanatory Answers

### English Language & Comprehension

1. (c) : In the second paragraph, applauding has been shown as a symbol.
2. (b) : Intricate means something that is difficult to understand; obscure; complex; puzzling.
3. (d) : Potential means having possibility, capability, or power.
4. (b) : It has been used to show how signals can impinge upon the environment.
5. (a) : To impinge upon means to encroach or infringe; trespass, to intrude one someone's time.
6. (d) : The first sentence of the passage and then the third paragraph amply brings out how speech scores over signs, symbols, signals and gestures as a mode of communication.
7. (c) : The entire passage is on the ways of communication.
8. (b) : The obvious reason was to curtail time and distance.
9. (d) : The author obviously finds that five year period is too short a period for the plans to bear good results.
10. (c) : Read, the penultimate sentence of the passage.
11. (c) : It is not mentioned as a condition for improvement in the condition of industries.
12. (d) : It is the obvious choice after going through the passage as the managers are more focused on the present gains.
13. (b) : Read the third last sentence of the passage.
14. (a) : Diversification, modernization and asset creation are marginalised.
15. (b) : Read the second sentence of the passage.
16. (b) : Immaculate means free from stain or blemish; pure.
17. (b) : Ebullient means over flowing with enthusiasm or excitement ; exuberant.
18. (a) : Ignominious means deserving disgrace or shame despicable.
19. (a) : Innocuous means having no adverse effect; harmless.
20. (c) : Chicanery means deception by trickery or sophistry.
21. (b) : Chagrin means keen feeling of mental unease, as of annoyance or embarrassment, caused by failure, disappointment, or a disconcerting event.
22. (c) : Servility means servitude or forced labour. So its opposite is insolence which means the act of being audaciously rude or disrespectful; impertinent.
23. (c) : Knotty means difficult to understand or solve. Its opposite is easy.
24. (d) : Dearth means scarce supply; a lack. Its opposite is abundance.
25. (a) : Vehemence means marked by or full of vigour or energy; strong. Apathy is its opposite; meaning lack of emotion or feeling; impassiveness.
26. (a) : Placate means to allay the anger of, especially by making concessions; appease. its opposite is antagonize which means to incur the dislike of; provoke hostility or enmity.

27. (b) : Pejorative means tending to make or become worse; words, expressions, etc. having an unpleasant or disparaging connotation. Some of its antonyms are: admiring, adulatory, applauding, approving, friendly, positive; appreciative, etc.
28. (a) : Preposition 'with' will be used here.
29. (c) : Gandhi said: "Civilization, in the real sense of the term, consists not in the multiplication, but in the deliberate and voluntary reduction of wants."
30. (d) : The correct sentence is : That rumour has no foundation in fact.
31. (b) : The correct sentence is : In all these and a thousand other details you and I please ourselves and ask no one's leave.
32. (c) : 'and said that it was a good hit' is correct.
33. (d) : SPRQ makes the paragraph meaningful.
34. (a) : The two men who were following a few yards behind me, and who were separated from the tigris by the thickness of the rock, came to a halt when they saw me stop and turn my head.
35. (a) : SRQP is the correct sequence.
36. (b) : A kaleidoscope is a circle of mirrors containing loose, coloured objects such as beads or pebbles and bits of glass.
37. (d) : In international relations a rapprochement, which comes from the French word *rapprocher* ("to bring together"), is a re-establishment of cordial relations, as between two countries.
38. (c) : Stratagem means a plan, scheme, or trick for surprising or deceiving an enemy.
39. (d) : Subrahmanyam Chandrasekhar was an India-born American astrophysicist who, with William A. Fowler, won the 1983 Nobel Prize for Physics.
40. (d) : World Laughter Day takes place on the first Sunday in May. The first celebration was on January 11, 1998, in Mumbai, India. In 2011, it was celebrated on January 10.
41. (a) : The crops that are sown in the rainy season are called kharif crops such as millets, rice, maize, cotton, soyabean, turmeric, etc.
42. (c) : It began about 1760 in England and later in other countries, characterized chiefly by the replacement of hand tools with power-driven machines and by the concentration of industry in large establishments.
43. (d) : The Torrid Zone is limited in latitude by the Tropic of Cancer in the northern hemisphere at approximately 23° 26' 16" N and the Tropic of Capricorn in the southern hemisphere at 23° 26' 16" S.
44. (b) : Zionism is a Jewish political movement that, in its broadest sense, has supported the self-determination of the Jewish people in a sovereign Jewish national homeland.
45. (b) : The lithosphere is the rigid outermost shell of a rocky planet.
46. (b) : Limnology also called freshwater science, is the study of inland waters. This includes the study, of lakes and ponds, rivers, springs, streams and wetlands.
47. (d) : The dollar has been the currency of Suriname since 2004. The dollar replaced the Surinamese guilder on 1 January 2004.
48. (d) : The Battle of the Hydaspas River was fought by Alexander the Great in 326 BC against King Porus of the Hindu Paurava kingdom on the banks of the Hydaspas River (Jhelum River) in the Punjab.

49. (a) : A Flight of Pigeons is a novella by Indian author, Ruskin Bond.
50. (d) : Ignaz Semmelweiss was the first modern physician to realize that a simple act, such as doctors washing their hands, could lead to lower infection rates, but Joseph Lister was the one who made the connection between washing hands in chemicals, such as bleach or carbolic acid, and the eradication of germs.
51. (d) : The city of Berne is the Bundesstadt (federal city, de facto capital) of Switzerland.
52. (a) : It is a private humanitarian institution founded in 1863 in Geneva, Switzerland, by Henry Dunant.
53. (b) : Schulyer Wheeler invented the electric fan in 1886. It was the principal method of home cooling until Willis Haviland Carrier invented the first air conditioner system.
54. (d) : Its headquarters is at Kirava, Minsk, Belarus.
55. (a) : Autoecology is the ecology of a single species, that is the relations between that species and it's environment.
56. (b) : A manifesto is a public declaration of principles and intentions, often political in nature.
57. (a) : The spaceship Columbia was the first Space Shuttle to fly into Earth orbit in 1981.
58. (b) : Mihir Sen was the first Indian to swim the English Channel, from Dover to Calais on September 27, 1958.
59. (c) : International Workers' Day (also known as May Day) is a celebration of the international labour movement and left-wing movements. It is celebrated on May 1.
60. (d) : The Writ of Quo-Warranto is issued with a view to restrain a person from holding a public office to which he is not entitled.
61. (c) : Metamorphic rock is the transformation of an existing rock type, the protolith, in a process called metamorphism, which means "change in form"
62. (a) : At 204, 800, 000, 000 cubic metres, Owen Falls in Uganda is the largest.
63. (a)
64. (c) : A tangent galvanometer is an early measuring instrument used for the measurement of electric current.
65. (b) : The Officers Training Academy (OTA) in Chennai was established in January 1963 as the Officers Training School (OTS)
66. (c) : Pearl Sydenstricker Buck was an award-winning American writer who spent most of her time until 1934 in China.
67. (c) : Chhau dance is a genre of Indian tribal martial dance whose origin is attributed to Mayurbhanj, an erstwhile princely state of Orissa which is popular in the Indian states of Orissa, Jharkhand and West Bengal.
68. (c) : The Syrian pound is the currency of Syria and is issued by the Central Bank of Syria.
69. (d) : The Khedda system was a technique used in southern India to capture and tame wild elephants for domestic and public (like in temples, in military) use.
70. (b) : The Battle of Haldighati was fought between the Mughal Empire and the forces of Mewar, led by Maharana Pratap Singh, on June 21, 1576 at Haldighati in Rajasthan, India.
71. (c) : Khartoum is the capital of Sudan and of Khartoum State. It is located at the confluence of the White Nile flowing north from Lake Victoria, and the Blue Nile flowing west from Ethiopia.

72. (b) : The dog may have been the first animal to be domesticated, and has been the most widely kept working, hunting, and companion animal in human history.
73. (d) : The Rovers Cup is a football tournament held in India. It was started by British football enthusiasts at Bombay in 1891.
74. (c) : R.D. Birla Award is given in the field of Medical Sciences in India. RAMESHWAR DAS BIRLA SMARAK KOSH instituted the award under the aegis of Bombay Hospital to encourage outstanding research in bio-medical science by an Indian working in India.
75. (c) : The Arabian Peninsula, also known as Arabia or the Arabian subcontinent, is the world's largest peninsula and covers 3,237, 500 km<sup>2</sup>.
76. (a) : World Disabled Day; World Consumer Rights Day are celebrated on March 15.

**Logical and Analytical Ability**

77. (d) :  $\boxed{\text{jo mi}}$  rei ma  $\rightarrow$   $\boxed{\text{only work}}$   
no  $\boxed{\text{play}}$
- $\boxed{\text{rei}}$  koi puihi mesi  $\rightarrow$  go and  
 $\boxed{\text{play}}$  tour
- puhi  $\boxed{\text{ma jo}}$  mati  $\rightarrow$   $\boxed{\text{only work}}$   
tour ground
- 'ma' stands for 'no'

78. (b) :  $\begin{matrix} B & E & A & T & \rightarrow & D & G & C & V \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \end{matrix}$
- Therefore,
- $\begin{matrix} S & O & U & P & \rightarrow & U & Q & W & R \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \\ & & & +2 & & & & & \end{matrix}$

79. (b) :  $\begin{matrix} C & O & R & R & E & S & P & O & N & D & E & N & C & E \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ N & U & T & T & R & A & X & U & P & Q & R & P & N & R \end{matrix}$
- Therefore,  $\begin{matrix} S & C & O & P & E \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ A & N & U & X & R \end{matrix}$

80. (b) : Daybreak (Noun) means 'dawn'.  
Bedstead (Noun) means a framework of wood or metal supporting the springs and mattress of a bed.

After daybreak we wake up and feel fresh. Similarly, we go to bed when tired.

81. (c) : Hope (Noun) means 'a belief that something desired will happen'.  
Aspire (Verb) means 'to have a strong desire or ambition to gain or achieve something'.  
Both the words convey more or less similar meaning.  
Fib (Noun) means 'a statement that is not true', 'a lie'.

82. (a) : 'Ancient' is antonym of 'Modern'. Similarly, 'Often' is antonym of 'Seldom'.

83. (c) :  $8 = (3)^2 - 1 = 9 - 1$   
 $28 = (3)^3 + 1 = 27 + 1$   
 $15 = (4)^2 - 1 = 16 - 1$   
 $? = (4)^3 + 1 = 64 + 1 = 65$

84. (c) :  $M \xrightarrow{-1} L$ ;  $O \xrightarrow{-1} N$ ;  
 $Q \xrightarrow{-1} P$ ;  $R \xrightarrow{-1} Q$

85. (c) :  $15 \times 3 = 45$   
 $45 \times 2 = 90$   
 $90 \times 4 = 360$   
 $360 \times 3 = 1080$   
 $1080 \times 2 = 2160$   
 $2160 \times 4 = 8640$   
The number 6480 is wrong.

86. (d) :  $\boxed{x} yyx / \boxed{y} xxy / x \boxed{y} yx / yx$   
 $\boxed{x} y ? = xyyx$

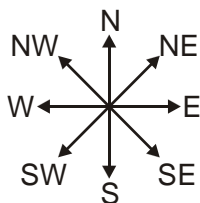
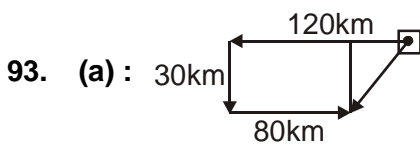
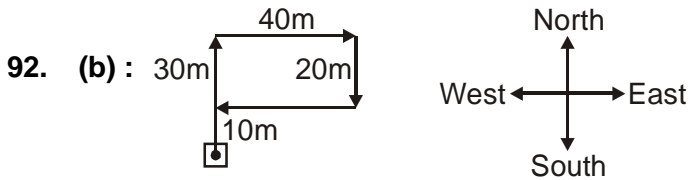
87. (d) :  $\begin{array}{cccccc} 7776 & 1296 & 216 & 36 & 6 & \boxed{1} \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ +6 & +6 & +6 & +6 & +6 & \end{array}$

88. (d) :  $K \xrightarrow{+1} L \xrightarrow{+1} M \xrightarrow{+1} N \xrightarrow{+1} O$   
 $P \xrightarrow{+1} Q \xrightarrow{+1} R \xrightarrow{+1} S \xrightarrow{+1} T$   
 $A \xrightarrow{+1} B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D \xrightarrow{+1} E$

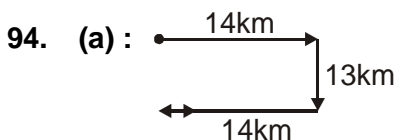
89. (d) : From first figure to second figure the first and the third arrows are inverted.

90. (a) : In the subsequent figures the line segment rotates through  $45^\circ, 45^\circ, 22\frac{1}{2}^\circ, 22\frac{1}{2}^\circ \dots$  clockwise.

91. (d) : In each subsequent one arrow is added in a set order.



Station is in South - West direction.



Now he is facing towards east.

95. (a) : N and P are daughters of R and J.

96. (\*) : Mahesh is brother of Rajesh.  
 Pranav may be son / daughter or niece / nephew of Madhuri, because Rajesh may have more brothers or sisters other than Mahesh.  
 The gender of Pranav is not given.

97. (b) : Husband of woman's mother means father of woman. The sister of woman's father is the aunt of the man. Therefore, the man is brother of that woman.

Direction Q. Nos. 98 - 101 :



98. (d) : Suresh is second from the left.

99. (a) : Ramesh is sitting between Suresh and Mahesh.

100. (b) : Dinesh is at the extreme right position.

101. (a) : Ramesh is sitting at the centre.

102. (b) : The year 1980 was a leap year.  
 Sanjiv was born on 29th February.  
 Republic Day, i.e., 26th January was Saturday.  
 Number of days upto 29th February from 26th January  
 $= 5 + 29 = 34$  days = 6 odd days  
 6 days beyond Saturday = Friday

103. (c) :  $\frac{1982}{4} = 495.5;$

$\frac{1978}{4} = 494.5; \frac{1704}{4} = 426$

1704 is a leap year.

104. (a) :  $15x + 20y = 20x + 15y$   
 It means apples are as costly as oranges.



105. (d) : Suppose B and D each gets  $x$  cards,  
A =  $x - 1$  cards  
C =  $x + 5$  cards  
E =  $x + 3$  cards  
Therefore, A gets the least number of cards.
106. (c) : The numbers 2, 3, 4 and 5 are on the faces adjacent to the number 6.  
Therefore, 1 lies opposite 6.
107. (a) : Escalators are used for vertical movement.
108. (c) : Legitimate (Adj.) means 'that can be defended', 'reasonable', 'in accordance with the law or rules'.
109. (d) : Sentiment (N) means 'general feeling or opinion', 'tender feelings of pity'. Sentiment always involves emotion.
110. (b) : Selection Board calls the candidate for the interview to test his personality, aptitude, manner, etiquette, attitude and decision making power. Therefore, it becomes easier to decide which candidate is fit for the job.
111. (a) : Now a days many young people use high heeled shoes to look taller.
112. (a) : 15 minutes past means 12.15.  
Hour spaces are  $30^\circ$  apart.  
Therefore, in 15 minutes the space will be  $\frac{30}{4} = 7\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ .  
Minute spaces are  $6^\circ$  apart.  
In minutes the minute hand will form an angle of  $90^\circ$ .  
Required answer =  $90^\circ - 7\frac{1}{2}^\circ = 82\frac{1}{2}^\circ$
113. (d) : We have to find the day after 94 days, i.e., 95th day.  
 $\frac{95}{7} = 13$  weeks and 4 odd days.  
Wednesday + 4  $\Rightarrow$  Sunday

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**Management Aptitude and Communication Skills**

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114. (c) : Hukumchand Jute & Industries Ltd. was incorporated in 2000 and is based in Kolkata, India. Hukumchand Jute & Industries Ltd. operates as a subsidiary of Gmmco Limited. Gmmco is a part of the CK Birla group of companies.
115. (c) : The corporate strategy establishes the framework within which the divisions and business units prepare their strategic plans.
116. (d) : The etymology of "business" relates to the state of being busy either as an individual or society as a whole, doing commercially viable and profitable work. All the given choices come under the definition of business.
117. (a) : Murphy's law of Communication : Communication usually fails-except by chance.
118. (c) : The Banking Regulation Act was passed as the Banking Companies Act 1949.
119. (b) : It is renowned for its famous carpet and brassware.
120. (a) : It is Canon.
121. (d) : Bottom-up communication (from employees to management) provides information about employee needs, values, perceptions and opinions.
122. (a) : Grapevine is an informal channel of business communication. It is called so because it stretches throughout the organization in all directions irrespective of the authority levels.
123. (b) : A whistleblower is a person who tells the public or someone in authority about alleged dishonest or illegal activities (misconduct) occurring in a government department, a public or private organization, or a company.
124. (a) : The virtual team coordinate its work predominantly with electronic information and communication technologies in order to accomplish one or more organization tasks.
125. (d) : Quality. is the totality of features and characteristics of a product or service that bear on its ability to satisfy stated or implied needs.

126. (c) : Kerb Trading refers to transactions that are often carried out in the stock exchange after official trading hours.
127. (d) : Assam Tea Company was formed in 1839 to commercialize Indian tea production in competition with China.
128. (c) : A firm is dissolved compulsorily when all the partners or all excepting one partner die or retire.
129. (c) : Its Large Hospitals.
130. (d) : It is the tagline of Mahindra and Mahindra.
131. (c) : Noise is the salient feature of the Shannon and Weaver model. It can be used to apply in ordinary face-to-face communication as much as in distanced communication. It means interference: something, or some things, which get in the way of the clarity of the message.
132. (c) : Customization means selling the same offer in the same way to everyone in the target market to individualizing and customizing messages and offerings.
133. (d) : The number of Companies in which a person can be appointed as Director has been reduced from 20 to 15.
134. (d) : All of the above given choices constitute communication.
135. (d) : Any or all of the given choices can create 'barriers of communication'.
136. (b) : Three decades after Citicorp introduced "The Citi Never Sleeps," Citigroup is borrowing from its past. A "Citi Never Sleeps" campaign began being shown in heavy rotation in 2008
137. (c) : It is a quantitative summary of a company's financial condition at a specific point in time, including assets, liabilities and net worth.
138. (c) : Feedback is essential to make communication, a successful one. It is the effect, reply or reaction, and makes communication two-way.
139. (b) : Horizontal communication normally involves coordinating information, and allows people with the same or similar rank in an organization to cooperate or collaborate.
140. (b) : Asian Paints, Dabur India and Hindustan Uniliver fall into that category.
141. (d) : Jindal Iron and Steel is one of the Best Blue Chip companies as well as the Highest Wealth Creator by the Dalal Street Journal.
142. (b) : An important theme of corporate governance is the nature and extent of accountability of particular individuals in the organization.
143. (a) : According to Kotler (1997), marketing is typically seen as the task of creating, promoting and delivering goods and services to consumers and businesses.
144. (c) : The New Economy is a term to describe the result of the transition from an industrial / manufacturing-based economy. Its innovative basis includes Internet, nanotechnologies, telematics and bionics.
145. (d) : Liquid assets are cash and securities that can be converted to cash quickly, minus current liabilities. So, they are equal to Current Assets-Inventories and Prepaid Expenses.
146. (d) : A marketing information system consists of people, equipment, and procedures to gather, sort, analyze, evaluate, and distribute needed, timely, and accurate information to marketing decision makers.
147. (a) : Bombay Spinning and Weaving Company was the first cotton mill to be established in Bombay, India on 7 July, 1854 at Tardeo by Cowasjee Nanabhoy Davar.
148. (d) : In April 1899, the first thermal power plant of The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation Limited was commissioned.
149. (c) : Maximum number of members in a Private Company is restricted to 50, there is no restriction of maximum number of members in a Public Company.
150. (b) : The Company Board shall cause a copy of the statutory report certified as is required by this section to be delivered to the Registrar for registration forthwith, after copies there of have been sent to the members of the company.
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